Breaking Barriers in History

National History Day 2019-20

This introduction was adapted from the National History Day Indiana Student Guide for the North Carolina audience.

The National History Day office chooses a different theme each year to unite all National History Day projects. While your topic must connect to the theme, the annual theme is broad enough for you to pick a topic from any time period or place. The annual theme is designed to help you go beyond the names and dates in your research to finding the impact and significance it has had on the past and may continue to have on the present and future.

During the 2019–2020 school year, the annual theme is **Breaking Barriers in History**. Countless events and people in history connect to this theme, which makes it seem quite broad. While this means you can connect it to many different topics, it is always good to start with a definition.

By defining "barriers" you can get a better grasp on what questions you should be asking as you connect your topic to the theme. After defining "barrier," consider several ideas related to this definition.

Barrier (n)

- 1. something material that blocks or is intended to block passage
- 2. a natural formation or structure that prevents or hinders movement or action
- 3. something immaterial that impedes or separates

How have things in nature such as rivers, mountains, oceans or deserts acted as barriers?

Sometimes barriers are physical or natural structures that block movement. This theme lends itself to investigating how barriers have affected the movement of people for migration and exploration.

In addition to the barriers themselves, students can discuss the people who overcame these barriers, such as the first people to climb Mount Everest or reach the moon.

How can something be a barrier if it's not a physical structure?

Barriers can also be social or political norms. Racial barriers such as segregation and voting legislation fit into this topic and can be looked at through multiple viewpoints. Think of people or groups in history who defied the odds despite society telling them they would never succeed. Attitudes can be barriers, too. For instance, how did attitudes about people with disabilities alter after the passage of the Americans with Disabilities Act?

Can barriers be positive?

Not all barriers are negative. For instance, many laws are created to protect rights or people. Vaccinations were created as a barrier against disease.

What if the barrier was not broken?

Sometimes a barrier must have a crack put into it before it can be broken. Its ok for a topic not to completely break down a barrier – the important thing is to address the whole story in your project. Susan B. Anthony did not live long enough to see American women get the right to vote. However, her work helped to pave the way for it to happen.

Why does a barrier exist?

This year's theme also allows you the opportunity to question why a barrier was put in place – whether it is legislation, social norm, or physical structures.

Most importantly, remember to ask why your topic matters today. As NHD says, "so what?" Did the breaking or building of a barrier have a lasting impact on society? Did it inspire future events that might not have otherwise been possible?

Ultimately, the answers to these questions must be found through **research**. Keep an **open mind** as you research and look for **examples of breaking barriers**.

While you can use any topic from any time period or place in history to relate to the theme, here are some **broad ideas** of places to look for topics:

Physical

Consider inventions or breakthrough scientific discoveries that have impacted the world today. How did these break barriers? Was the barrier broken because of the discovery, the person who did it, or both? Or look at physical barriers that have been built by people and eventually demolished.

Natural

Think of explorers who navigated oceans, rivers, and mountains. How were these accomplishments breaking barriers? What did they inspire? How is the world different because of these people and events?

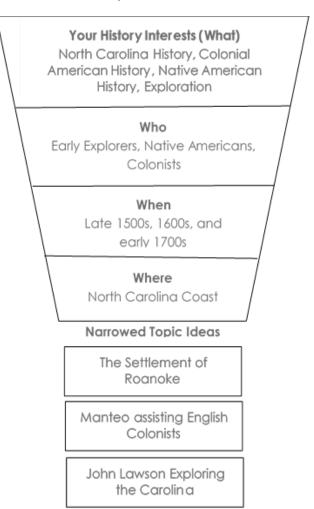
Ideological

Consider topics that relate to social equality, such as people and events within the Civil Rights and Women's Rights Movements. Who are some key figures nation-wide, or even in your own community who have pushed limits set forth by society?

Narrowing Down a Topic

As you choose your topic, remember not to be too broad. A topic such as, "The Civil Rights Movement: Breaking Down Racial Barriers," might seem like a good choice at first, but it covers way too many events, people, and places. Broad topics like this one might make finding sources easy, but it will be that much harder to make a clear argument and stay within the word or time limits in your project category. Narrowing the topic down to something like, "Jackie Robinson: Breaking the Color Barrier in Baseball," will help focus your research and the argument you would like to present.

Take a look at this example of how you can use Who, What, When, and Where questions to narrow down your broad history interests into narrowed down topic ideas.



Breaking Barriers in N.C. History

Topic Ideas in North Carolina History

These topic ideas explore possible connections to this year's theme within North Carolina history. Though sorted by type of history, many topic ideas fit into multiple sections so explore the list carefully. Some ideas will need to be narrowed down based on how you would like to approach the topic. A great place to start exploring many of these topics is on www.NCpedia.org.

African American History

Black Wallstreet

Charlotte Hawkins Brown

David Walker's Appeal

Ella Baker

Golden Frinks

Hammocks Beach State Park

Hannah Bond

Harriot Jacobs

John Carruthers Stanly

Julius Chambers

Lunsford Lane

Maritime Underground Railroad

Moses Grandy

Ocean City Beach, N.C.

Omar Said

Royal Ice Cream Sit-in

Swann v. Charlotte-Mecklenburg Board of Ed.

The Green Book in N.C.

The Greensboro Four

Thomas Day

Art, Entertainment, & Fashion History

Ava Gardner

Black Mountain College

Doc Watson

Earl Scruggs

Molly McCoy Hancock

Nina Simone

Selma Burke

The Artwork of John White

Willie Otey Kay

Environmental or Agricultural History

Biltmore Forrest School

Carolista Fletcher Baum

Great Smoky Mountains National Park

Lucy Stowe

Margaret Nygard

Mount Mitchell State Park

N.C. Fisheries Commission Board

N.C. Zoological Park

N.C.'s Natural Heritage Program

N.C.'s Turpentine Industry

The Mangum Terrace

Washington Duke

Fight for Civil Liberties or Freedom

(Also see the African American, Native American, &

Women's History Sections)

1986 N.C. Lesbian & Gay Pride Parade, Durham

A Pledge to Violate the Stamp Act

Ella May Wiggins

Halifax Resolves

Jacob Henry

Senator Sam J. Ervin Jr.

Speaker Ban Law

The First Provincial Congress

Journalism or Photography History

Charles Kuralt

George Masa

Harry Lewis Golden

Mary Bayard Morgan Wootten

Photography of Hugh Mangum

Sandra Hughes

Willis Gustavus Borne

Colonization or Defining Borders

Dividing the Carolinas

Fort San Juan

N.C. Barrier Islands

N.C. Ceding its Western Lands

The Carolina Charter

The Lederer Expedition

The Lost State of Franklin

The Roanoke Colony

The Walton War

The Watauga Settlement

War of Sugar Creek

William Bryd II and The History of the Dividing Line

Maritime History

Chicamacomico Life-Saving Station

Civil War Blockade Runners in N.C.

Graveyard of the Atlantic

N.C. Lighthouses

Pea Island Lifesavers

Privateering/Piracy

Lawrence E. Allen Sr.

Submarine Warfare off N.C. Coast

Medical History

1864 Yellow Fever Outbreak in N.C. 1918 Spanish Flu Outbreak in N.C.

Annie Lowrie Alexander

Dr. Catherine Wilfert

Dr. Susan Dimock

Leonard Medical School

The Union Field Hospital at the Battle of

Bentonville

Military History

Battle at Hatteras Inlet

Battle of Asheville

Battle of Averasboro

Battle of Bettis's Bridge

Battle of Charlotte

Battle of Cowan's Ford

Battle of Elizabethtown

Battle of Guilford Courthouse

Battle of Kings Mountain

Battle of McIntyre's Farm

Battle of Moores Creek Bridge

Battle of Plymouth

Battle of Wahab's Plantation

Fort Anderson

Fort Dobbs

Fort Fisher

Fort Macon

Kiffin Yates Rockwell

New Bern as a Union Occupied City

"Old Hickory" Breaks the Hindenburg Line

Spanish Invasions of Colonial N.C.

Submarine Warfare off N.C. Coast

The 1st North Carolina Colored Volunteers

The House in the Horseshoe

The Montford Point Marines

Torrence's Tavern

Native American History

1853 case State v. Noel Locklear

Augusta Conference

Cherokee Removal and the Trail of Tears

Junaluska

Manteo and Wanchese Travel to England

N.C. Commission of Indian Affairs

Qualla Boundary

The Cherokee Code Talkers

The Lowry War

The Lumbee Pursuit of Education

The Tuscarora War

Thomas Oxendine

Tryon's Line and the Proclamation of 1763

Overcoming Adversity

Chang and Eng Bunker

Lady Olga

Millie-Christine McCoy

Tiny Broadwick

Sports History

Althea Gibson

College Basketball & the N.C. Civil Rights

Movement

Dr. Frank Jobe

Hang Gliding in N.C.

Junior Johnson

Michael Jordon

Sugar Ray Leonard

Science, Technology, & Engineering

Dr. Catherine Wilfert

Gertrude B. Elion

Linn Cove Viaduct

Malcom McClean

Richard Jordon Gatling

Ronald McNair

The North Carolina Railroad

The Wilmington & Weldon Railroad

The Wright Brothers

William E. Thornton (Astronaut)

Women's History

Anna Julia Cooper

Annie Lowrie Alexander

Beulah Louise Henry

Connie Guion

Cornelia Petty Jerman

Dr. Catherine Wilfert

Dr. Susan Dimock

Edenton Tea Party

Elizabeth Rumbough Baker Dotterer

Fannie Parker

Gertrude McKee

Gertrude Weil

Katherine Lee Harris "Kate" Adams

Lillian Exum Clement

Lucy Stowe

Madelon Battle Hancock

Margaret Wake Tryon

Selma Burke

Susie Marshall Sharp

Susie Sharp

The Struggle for Women's Suffrage in N.C.